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HONOLULU, H. I.: TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1899.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2056.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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LAWTON ON HAND

The Brilliant Fighter Reports
for Action.

OTIS ADVISES AN ADVANCE

Says Movement on Insurgents Will

End the Rebellion—Village

Burned—Honored Dead.

NEW YORK, March 10.—A special

to the Sun from Washington says: A

long dispatch was received tonight

from Gen. Otis setting forth in detail

the present situation in the island of

Luzon. The American lesson, he says,

has been very effective on the rank and

file of the insurgent army, and he has

no doubt that the great majority of

the rebels would surrender but for the

influence of the Filipino leaders, who

are using every endeavor to bolster up

the insurrection. The attitude of the

Filipinos generally, with the exception

of their leaders, had changed in favor

of a peaceful settlement of the troubles.

In the opinion of the American officers,

he said, the time was now ripe for an

aggressive movement, and it was

thought a sharp, rapid campaign to the

interior would end the rebellion. The

arrival at Manila today of 1700 regu-

lars under Gen. Lawton makes offen-

sive operations possible and the opin-

ion is expressed here tonight that a

forward movement will at once be be-

gun by Gen. Otis.

NEW YORK, March 10.—A cable to

the Sun dated Manila, March 10, 5:55

p. m., says: The village of Pandacan

was burned today. Capt. Smith, of the

First Idaho Infantry, was wounded and

Private Hartington, of the Fourth Cav-

alry, was accidentally killed in the fir-

ing there.

The Spanish Commissioners are visit-

ing Malolos to negotiate with the in-

surgents for the liberation of Spanish

prisoners in their hands.

MANILA, March 10, 5 p. m.—The re-

mains of Col. W. E. Smith, Maj. E.

McConville, Chaplain David S. Elliott

and Second Lieut. Eugene S. French,

who were killed in action, were shipped

home today by the United States trans-

port Scandia with military honors, the

Second Oregon Volunteers furnishing

the escort through the city.

Maj. Gen. Lawton, who arrived here

today on board the United States trans-

port Grant, from New York, formally

reported to Maj. Gen. Otis, after which

he returned on board the Grant. The

troops that reached here on board the

Grant (the Fourth Infantry and a bat-

talion of the Seventeenth Infantry)

will be disembarked immediately. A

batallion of the Twenty-second Infan-

try has re-enforced Gen. Wheaton's

Brigade.

DEWEY TO REMAIN.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—

The statement can be repeated on

the authority of the detail

office of the Navy Department

that Admiral Dewey will not be

relieved at Manila until he

chooses to make application for

such relief. So far he has not

given any intimation of a pur-

pose to apply for relief in the

immediate future and from the

few declarations he has let fall

the department has reason to

believe that he does not con-

template any such action. Con-

sequently there is no foundation

for the story that Admiral

Schley or any other admiral has

been selected to take command

of the Asiatic station.

Reports of Dewey's illness

are not credited.

MAJ. LANGFITT'S MEN

ARE TO LEAVE HAWAII.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Four

companies of the Second United States

Volunteer Engineers, comprising those

at Honolulu, are shortly to be called

home. They have been on duty there

since the outbreak of the Spanish war.

They will be relieved either by four

companies of the Twenty-fourth Infan-

try (colored) now in Utah, or by two or

more batteries of the Sixth Artillery.

Gen. Shafter, commanding the Depart-

ment of California, has been informed

that the Sixth Artillery may be utilized

for this voyage, and has been instructed

to recruit the regiment to its maxi-

mum strength.

The foregoing confirms fully a state-

ment on the subject published in this

paper a week ago.

LONDON, March 11.—The Rome cor-

respondent of the Daily Chronicle

says: The Pope continues to improve,

but his physicians say he shows great

weakness, which is rather alarming to

his entourage.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—

Upon authority so high that it

is beyond question, the positive

statement is made of President

McKinley's fixed intention per-

manently to retain the Philip-

pines. He believes that not only

has destiny forced this course

upon the United States, but self-

interest as well as duty demand

it.

The President believes he has

the support of the great pre-

ponderance of American senti-

ment when he contends for the

permanent retention of the

whole archipelago. Already the

form of government to be re-

commended for the islands is

being considered. It is pur-

posed, among other things, to

provide specifically for an

"open-door" policy, whereby all

nations shall enjoy equal com-

mercial advantages; to provide

for such duties upon such im-

ports from the islands as will

prevent competition between

Oriental cheap labor and Amer-

ican workmen. Other than this

the plans for the Philippine

government have gone no fur-

ther than the consideration of

means by which an admixture

of our territorial and the Brit-

ish colonial forms may be

adopted.

Housewarming.

Several hundred city people, includ-

ing a number of society ladies, inspect-

ed the new Judd building yesterday.

One of the chief pleasures of the visit

was the ride to the fourth floor in the

elevator. The tenants at home were

the Bank of Hawaii, Gear, Lansing &

Co., and W. O. Smith. Others will

move in today and within the next few

days. All who called were pleasantly

received and were enthusiastic in

praise of the offices and furnishings.

The bank compares very favorably

with any metropolitan institution. The

vault, equipped under the direction of

C. M. Cooke, is a feature. The place

has all the various windows, including

the savings department and offices for

the directors and the president. Gear,

Lansing & Company are nicely situ-

ated for their plantation, real estate

and insurance business. W. O. Smith,

attorney at law, is the happiest man in

the building.

IN HIS NEW POSITION.

Judge Cooper Presented as the

New Attorney General.

Judge H. E. Cooper was sworn in as

Attorney General by Chief Justice Judd

yesterday morning. Upon the opening

of Court Mr. W. O. Smith notified

the body of his resignation. He then

formally introduced Mr. Cooper as his

successor. In his address to the Court

and members of the bar present, Mr.

Smith returned thanks to the members

of bench and bar for the courtesy and

aid which had been rendered him dur-

ing his tenure of office.

Chief Justice Judd then administered

the oath of office to Mr. Cooper and

spoke of him as a man who needed no

introduction, and spoke in high terms

of his ability. The Chief Justice then

dwelt at length in words of highest

praise upon the ex-Attorney General.

He spoke of his ability and of the con-

scientious manner in which he had

performed the duties of his office.

POLICE WAGON.

The Emergency Coach is Now in

Commission.

The fast express and vestibuled pas-

senger coach combined of the police

department is now in running order. It

arrived last week by the bark Diamond

Head and made its initial bow to the

public yesterday.

It is a beautiful thing with its glossy

paint and gilt lettered words "Police

Patrol," when drawn by a spanking

pair of horses brought down from San

Francisco especially for it, it is about

complete. All it needs is a load to

make it perfect.

Yesterday the Marshal and his aides

gave a party of newspaper men the

honor of being the first to ride in it.

They were shown the detailed working

of the whole equipment. It is an open

affair, but has curtains which may be

let down when necessary. There is a

separate apartment for inebriates. One

of the latest improvements is found in

it, which is a swinging stretcher, for

the use of the wounded. The whole

outfit is

LIFE ON MAUI

Teachers Continue Study of Parker's Methods.

THE EXHIBITS FOR THE SUMMER

Normal Instructor Visiting—A Number of Social Affairs—Book Club—Shipping—Weather.

(Special Correspondence.)

MAUI, March 18, 1899.—Monday afternoon, the 13th, twenty-four teachers assembled in the Makawao school house for the purpose of holding their monthly meeting. The regular program consisted of two chapters of Parker's "Talks on Teaching," read and explained by Mr. J. H. Nishwitz, a lesson in memory gems by Mrs. J. H. Nishwitz, and an illustrated lesson on basket-making by Miss Kate Watson. After the program Normal Instructor T. H. Gibson gave a short address, during which he requested Makawao teachers to send industrial exhibits to the summer school of 1899. He stated that the Lahaina and Waihee schools were making mats, baskets, etc.

The young people of the Makawao Christian Endeavor Society celebrated on the evening of St. Patrick's day, by a social at the residence of Dr. W. F. McConkey of Pala. The entertainment consisted of a colweb and soap-bubble party. The colwebs ran all over the house, verandas and into the yard. Each gentleman blew soap-bubbles with the lady partner found at the end of his particular thread of the web. A large company much enjoyed the evening.

The next meeting of the Makawao Literary Society will take place in the church parlors the evening of the 24th. Fr. E. G. Beckwith has charge of the program. After the "literary" there will be the annual meeting of the Makawao Forthrightly Book Club, which now is permanently established and affords much pleasure to its thirty-six members.

Normal Instructor T. H. Gibson is at Peahi. Miss Allen and Miss Nettie dos Reis have exchanged positions; Miss Allen now teaches in Spreckelsville and Miss dos Reis in Pala.

The Thursday Club met the afternoon of the 16th at Mrs. H. P. Baldwin's, Haiku. Mesdames Dowsett and Dora von Tempky and Mr. A. McGibbin, of Kula depart today for a short visit in Honolulu.

Rev. Ault, of Lahaina, held services last Sunday, the 12th, in Wailuku. Wednesday, the 15th, the schooner Ruby Cousins, Eason master, arrived in Kahului from San Francisco with a cargo consisting mostly of railroad material for the H. C. Company.

Today, the 18th, the schr. Mary Winkelman, Benneche master, will sail for San Francisco with a cargo of Pala and Haiku sugar.

Tomorrow, the 19th, the schooner J. D. North, Anderson master, will sail for San Francisco with a cargo of Pala and Haiku sugar.

The brig Lurline is at Lahaina, and two other vessels are outside the harbor. Weather—Pleasant with gentle south winds.

TUG RETURNS.

Armed Towboat Iroquois is Home Again.

The United States tug Iroquois is again anchored in her old berth in naval row; telephone communication is once more established with the island's capital, and every one on board is glad to get back home. It was for Hilo the tug sailed last Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock and after some rough weather in the Hawaii channel anchored in Hilo bay Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, 26 hours from Honolulu. United States Special Agent H. M. Sewall and Major Langfit, U. S. E., the passengers on board, went ashore immediately and were in and around Hilo during the next two days. The Iroquois sailed from Hilo at 9 p. m. Friday night arriving off Maalea Bay the next morning where target practice was had with the tug's two 37-millimeter and Colt's 6-millimeter guns. Leaving Maalea Bay in company with the Kinan on Saturday there was quite a brush for fourteen miles to Lahaina. The Iroquois arrived at Lahaina a mile and a half in the lead, though it is reported the smoke was coming out of the Kinan's funnel rather thick. At Lahaina Mr. Sewall and Major Langfit went ashore. The Iroquois sailed from Lahaina at 5 o'clock in the morning, making good time to port and saluting the flag at the Legation at noon on passing Waikiki.

Bar Meeting.

The members of the bar held a meeting Saturday morning in the office of the Attorney-General, W. O. Smith presided. A. S. Hartwell, W. Horace Wright and Paul Neumann were appointed a committee to draw up memorial resolutions on the death of the late Judge Widemann. These

are to be presented at the opening of the March term today. R. K. Kane, W. O. Smith and a third to be selected by them were appointed a committee to draw up a resolution in memory of the late W. L. Hockaday who was the oldest Hawaiian member of the bar.

All in Cabinets.

The Gazette Co. have had a new and complete set of file cabinets put in their office and now have the files of the Advertiser, Gazette and Kuokoa in such shape that they can put their hand on any date in a moment. H. K. Meemano & Co. did the work in a satisfactory manner.

This firm is composed entirely of native Hawaiian mechanics and they are ready to figure on any contract for exterior or interior work, and to guarantee satisfaction.

AT THE WICKETS

"United Kingdom" Won an Interesting Game.

The Official Score—A Player From South Africa and Manila—Bowling—A Veteran.

Saturday afternoon last witnessed another fine tussle between local cricketers. The match was played at the Recreation grounds, Maiki, with the most delightful weather imaginable. The teams—which numbered ten men a side—represented the "United Kingdom" and the "World," respectively. The former carried the day, defeating their opponents after a well-contested game by 82 to 67 runs. Appended is the official score, as furnished by Viggo Jacobson:

"THE WORLD."

E. A. Moss c. Lane b. Harvey 4
J. G. Hewitt b. Harvey 1
J. H. Walker b. Harvey 6
A. St. M. Mackintosh c. Lane b. Jordan 24
T. G. Ballentyne b. Jordan 9
Crews b. Harvey 7
C. Clayton run out 4
Dr. H. V. Murray not out 1
A. St. C. Phinalla run out 2
May b. Harvey 9
Byes 7
Leg Byes 1
Wide Balls 1

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Lane, 20 balls, 27 runs, 0 wickets, 4 overs, 1 maiden; average, 13.0.
Harvey, 45 balls, 16 runs, 5 wickets, 9 overs, 1 maiden; average, 3.2.
Jordan, 20 balls, 12 runs, 2 wickets, 4 overs, 0 maidens; average, 6.0.
Dr. Walters, 1 wide, 10 balls, 3 runs, 0 wickets, 2 overs, 0 maidens; average, —.

"UNITED KINGDOM."

Rev. J. F. Lane b. Hewitt 2
J. W. Harvey c. Murray b. Hewitt 4
R. A. Jordan b. Hewitt 0
Dr. St. D. G. Walters b. Mackintosh 3
Judge Stanley b. Hewitt 12
H. L. Herbert b. Mackintosh 15
H. B. Sinclair not out 26
Col. Alb. Whyte b. Moss 8
H. Anderson b. Mackintosh 11
F. H. G. Seymour c. Stanley b. Moss 7
Byes 1
Leg Byes 1
Wide Balls 1

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Mackintosh, 80 balls, 39 runs, 3 wickets, 16 overs, 3 maidens; average, 13.0.
Hewitt, 60 balls, 17 runs, 4 wickets, 12 overs, 2 maidens; average, 4.3.
Moss, 25 balls, 17 runs, 2 wickets, 5 overs, 1 maiden; average, 8.5.

NOTES.

Mackintosh was doing the Bonner act in great style, and the field did not seem to be big enough for him. His five drives for four each was almost a phenomenal performance.

Mr. Colin Clayton, who was wounded twice in the famous Jameson raid in South Africa, and who afterwards enlisted under Gen. Odis in Manila and took active part in the engagement at Malate has come to Honolulu to settle down. He is a Surrey man, and will be an acquisition to the club. He received an extremely painful hurt while playing on Saturday, but bore it with Spartan stoicism and received such relief as the two doctors present could give him.

T. G. Ballentyne, who made the second highest score for his side, is to be commended for his plodding and careful play.

Crews, of the Engineer Corps, is an American. He played a good innings and with more practice will make a fine cricketer.

Harvey was the bowler of the day and in capital form. Five wickets for only sixteen runs is something to be proud of.

The veteran Col. Whyte made the winning hit for his side. He is a careful batsman and very alert and active in the field. In this respect he can teach the youngsters a thing or two.

H. B. Sinclair played splendid cricket. His long and determined stand, in which he was largely assisted by Capt. Herbert, materially contributed to the victory.

Hewitt ran Harvey very close in his bowling, and was indeed preferred by several of the players.

R. Anderson, who came late, appeared on the field in the nick of time, and got in double figures on this occasion.

"LONG STOP."

FIELDS OF OLAA

Planning Now for 20,000 Acres of Cane.

RAILWAY AND TROLLEY LINES

A Honolulu Man on the Ground—Heavy Purchases Made—Coffee Prospects Undimmed.

HILO, Hawaii, March 18.—The following is published in the Tribune of this date:

Dr. A. E. Nichols came up to Hilo again by the last Kinan and will probably remain here a couple of weeks on matters connected with the establishment of the proposed sugar plantation in Olaa, among which will be the buying up of as much seed cane as can be secured.

"I am willing to tell you everything I know about the project," said Dr. Nichols to a Tribune representative. "The capital behind the promoters of this enterprise is all local—that is, on the islands—and it was not undertaken until there was ample assurance that the cane possibilities were perfectly good. One of the men back of it who has had ample experience with sugar, after a trip of investigation through the district, said he believed it was the finest cane district on the islands."

"The land we have secured lies on both sides of the road and is continuous up to the twenty-first mile, though, of course, there are tracts here and there which we have not been able to obtain. In all we have about 8000 acres. We are prepared to take more, and probably shall. Indeed the extent is almost indefinite and a mill will be erected capable of handling the product of 20,000 acres. Investigation leads us to believe that there are sources of water supply far greater than has been generally supposed, although we shall not probably do any fuming but will transfer the cane by trolley system and railways running through the land."

"The stock will be put on the market in Hilo and Olaa as well as Honolulu. There is quite a desire noticeable to purchase these shares, and in Olaa shares of stock were frequently taken in exchange for land."

"This proposition has really been a godsend to many men there, who are now able to pay up their liabilities and have a decent sized sum to the good, and who would otherwise have been unable to pull out. I never attempted to jaw down a land holder if he asked anything reasonable for his property, because I knew it was a good enough proposition for everybody to make something out of. These people had borne the brunt in showing the district was good for something and I wanted them to reap the advantage of it."

"Coffee already doing well and advanced in age will be left and cultivated along with sugar. Partly as a matter of sentiment and partly because it is by no means certain that it will not be as good a thing in its way as sugar. At least both will be given even chances. Again, if the co-operative plan should be tried, and families located to work on the plantation, they will be given a few acres of coffee each to cultivate on their own account."

"A railway line, which will be part of a system, running up the coast, and eventually belting the island, will run from Hilo to Olaa by which the product will be shipped to the coast. This will be put through by the same capitalists as the plantation but will be run separate from it."

SUGAR PER CAPITA.

Great Britain takes the most sugar of any country—3,000,000,000 pounds per annum—or 80 pounds to each person. In the United States 5,500,000,000 pounds are used. France uses 25 pounds a person; Germany only 18 pounds; Austria-Hungary, 15; Sweden, 20; Norway, 12, and Spain, 7.

Lenten services will be held on Wednesday noon and Friday night at St. Andrew's Cathedral and on Holy week, daily services, with matins on Good Friday. Choirmaster Offley is now rehearsing for Easter Sunday.

SUFFERED FOR FOURTEEN YEARS

I have been afflicted with rheumatism for fourteen years and nothing seemed to give any relief. I was able to be around all the time, but constantly suffering. I had tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did, and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured. I am happy to say that it has not since returned. Josh. Edgar, Germantown, Cal. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for H. I. All druggists and dealers.

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MERIT JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.

2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE.

3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

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RUBBER STAMPS AND STEREOTYPES

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1899.

"THE MAN IN A POSITION TO KNOW."

The facts regarding the disturbance in the Executive Council, which Minister Damon's friend gave to the public, do not yet appear. A charge of "conspiracy" must stand on some fact or facts. These facts are the evidence of conspiracy. Minister Damon's friend, who is "in a position to know," has given rather a malicious color to the charge which he was willing and perhaps anxious to publish in order to injure President Dole, but details are avoided. Possibly he may have had some grievance of his own, which suggested this way of "getting even" with him.

Perhaps the man "in a position to know" preferred to violate the confidence Mr. Damon placed in him, and used the information as a club over the President.

President Dole refuses to throw any light upon it, or say what he did when told "that he ought to be ashamed of himself." His motive for refusing to disclose may be a good one. But why should he not tell the public, whose representative he is, what really happened? The man "in a position to know" furnished the information with the intention of injuring him if he could do so. However, Mr. Dole may prefer to stand on his character and maintain a "dignified silence." Meanwhile he is disappointing those who love to hear any kind of a story, sensational or otherwise, when it is generated in the Executive chamber.

IMPERIALISM AND THE NUDE.

Gen. Guy V. Henry, the Military Governor of Porto Rico, has issued an order that the naked children of the Island must be clothed. This order will give rare pleasure to our good and sensitive fellow citizen, Dr. Bishop, who has from time immemorial offered himself as a wall of fire against the progress of the nude.

A correspondent of one of the New York city journals says that the mothers of the naked little dears of Porto Rico were in consternation, when the American soldiers, acting as policemen, or "cops," began quietly to arrest the innocent nudes, while upon the streets in the simple raiment of the filices of the field. But they submitted to the reformation, when they clearly understood that it was done in the interests of higher civilization and imperialism.

Kipling did not contemplate this phase of the "White man's burden," in describing the sublime mission of the Anglo-Saxon towards the darker races. "Take up the White Man's burden—No iron rule of Kings.

But toil of soft and sweeper—The tale of common things."

And to this should be added the putting of naked little boys in breeches throughout the conquered tropics.

Corporal A. P. Witt, one of the policemen in Porto Rico, says the correspondent could speak only three Spanish words, namely, "maio" (bad); "bueno" (good); and "Si Senor" (Yes, Sir).

He captured, one day, a naked little boy, aged four, and dragged him to his mother. "Maio," shouted the corporal, pointing to the little nude. "Si, Senor," replied the mother, assuming at once that he had been a bad little boy and had insulted the American flag, and she began to whip him. The corporal shouted "maio, maio, he must wear clothes." So the corporal in kindness picked up an old shirt waist and wrapped it around the boy, and exclaimed, "bueno, bueno!" The mother then understood what the March of Imperialism meant.

Now "maio" in these Islands signifies a somewhat scanty article of dress, in universal fashion among the males in the early days, which any one of the old kamaeinas may describe, and which may be occasionally seen at this day in the remote districts.

If the military forces of the United States should supervise the style of dress here, as an obligation imposed by the White Man's burden, and a soldier in uniform, bearing the flag, should shout "maio" to the mothers of little natives nude, and there are a few of them, it would revive at once the use of this tropical and picturesque garment of the indigenous inhabitants. It would revive the fashion of the early dress, when Kamehameha I, according to Campbell's chronicle, written in 1810, dressed in a "maio," worked in a taro patch, furnishing an example of industry and thrift.

The he addressed mothers of Porto Rico in their ignorance did not understand the word. Such is the effect of Spanish rule.

In the stately March of Imperialism, the brown races must understand that

little boys cannot stand in nudity by the highway and watch the curious procession move by. It was said in the Gazette a few days ago: "Across the waters of the ocean there came to the listening ears of humanity the cry of the oppressed. The eagle of liberty swept forth and passed in his flight above a land whose people were struggling to be free."

The sight of naked little dears of both sexes would bring a blush to the cheek of the eagle of liberty. Wherever the flag goes it means trousers for all.

Contrast then the slow success of missionaries in these Islands, who in fifty years only partially established with persistent energy the use of cotton goods in preventing infants from becoming an offense to the sensitive Anglo-Saxon eye,—contrast it with the quick success of the missionary with a bayonet, who before the gun barrels have cooled off from the heat of battle, drives the small boys into breeches, and shows the world that the White Man carries his burden well.

To be sure, there are several millions of little black nudes in the Southern States, whom Imperialism cannot reach. It strikes for reform on the outside, in the hope that it will work back to the inside.

Let us rejoice with Dr. Bishop that the day of the anti-nude jubilee is at hand, when it will be proudly said, "there is no naked skin under the flag."

MONEY AND RATE OF INTEREST.

In continuing our short studies in Finance, we take up once more the matter of coin in the Islands, and its relation to interest and loans.

It has been publicly stated by Mr. Spalding of the Claus Spreckels & Co. bank that Mr. Damon's estimate that the coin in the Islands amounts to about \$5,000,000 is probably correct. Assuming that this is proximately correct we are confronted with this fact that the amount per capita is larger in these Islands, on a gold basis, than in any community in the world, containing the same population. It amounts to \$15 per capita as against \$23.50 per capita on the Mainland. In reckoning the per capita amount, the Chinese, Japanese, Portuguese and natives are included as a part of the population, although the majority of them are not large holders of coin.

The proposition accepted by writers on the subject, is that the larger the amount of coin in circulation, the lower is the rate of interest, provided the security is adequate. If the security is not adequate the rate of interest will be high, in spite of the abundance of money. Whenever there is a large surplus of money in the commercial centres, the rate of interest declines at once. The wealth of the world steadily reduces the rate, and is now giving rise to discussion in Europe as to what the rate will be in fifty years from the present time. United States bonds paying only two per cent interest sold on the N. Y. exchange on February 25th within a fraction of the par value.

These views regarding the rate of interest are not ours, but those of Prof. Cairnes, Leon Say, Prof. Wilson and of the writers on political economy.

Assuming, therefore, that the estimate made by our local bankers is true, the rate of interest here should be as low, and really lower than it is on the Mainland, because there is about double the amount of money per capita here in comparison with the money in circulation there.

The returns of trade published yesterday show that the lowest rate of interest obtained upon mortgage security was seven per cent. Why then is the rate so high? What causes are at work to maintain that rate if money is so abundant?

If it is said that the recent developments in the sugar industry make money scarce, the reply may be made that with the low rate per capita on the Mainland, transactions are constantly taking place which involve, singly, an amount equal to one-half of the valuation of all property on these Islands, and yet the rate of interest remains low.

This condition of our Finances should be explained. Our views are not positive, but tentative and merely suggestive. It is quite possible that there are local conditions here which should be considered, and these may justify this curious financial condition.

Anything about shipping interests a heavy majority of the residents of this place. Items showing advancement in both naval and merchant fleets seem to be particularly sought after. The enthusiasm over improvements is great, but it should be remembered that this is the day of better and smarter things both ashore and afloat.

"The world's hope men set their hearts upon

"Turns ashes—or it prospers; and anon

"Like snow upon the desert's dusty free,

"Lighting a little hour or two—is gone."

W. O. SMITH.

Mr. W. O. Smith's resignation of office was accepted on Saturday, and Mr. Henry R. Cooper has exchanged the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs for that of Attorney General.

Those who were in Mr. Smith's confidence have known for several years that he most earnestly desired to retire from public life, and devote himself to his private affairs. His family urged him to do so, as he was a man without "office hours," or in other words he was quite as willing and ready to serve the government at midnight, as he was during the customary official hours. As Attorney General, supervising the criminal business of the Courts in all the Islands, his time could have been fully occupied. As the head of the Police force, his time could have been advantageously occupied. As President of the Board of Health his time could have been devoted exclusively and intelligently to the sanitary conditions of the Islands. As a member of the Cabinet and Executive Council he could have devoted all of his time to the many and perplexing questions before it, for many of these questions involved matters which belonged to the Finance, Interior and Foreign departments.

But he did his duty well in all of these various offices. He was always prompt, full of resources, willing to face obstacles, and always fearless. Some intimacies in manner of expression created the impression that he was unjust and arbitrary. But even these intimacies, slight as they were, are usually conspicuous in men of marked executive ability. In matters relating to his offices, his most intimate friends found him absolutely devoid of any sentiment of friendship, and had no more influence over him than a stranger seeking for favors.

There is no occasion for making any comparisons between his character and that of his colleagues. All that need be said is that, by reason of the many offices he filled, he had a larger burden placed upon him than upon any of them and at times upon all of them together, and his colleagues will bear testimony to the efficient way he carried that burden. The word "shirk" was not written in his lexicon.

It was largely due to him that the improvements on the Island of Hawaii were begun. His duties compelled him to visit that Island, and he was the first, we believe, who recognized the justice of the demands of the people of that Island for more consideration from the government. But he never claimed, so far as we know, any special gratitude for what he did. He tried to remove that serious defect of our government—that political absurdity, the administration of small local affairs by departments in Honolulu. One of the last measures he proposed in the Executive Council, and it was adopted, was the handing over to the Intelligent Road Commissioners of Hilo, a body of most competent men, the amount appropriated for road improvements in that place, who should be and are, more competent to distribute the fund than men residing here, and with much less knowledge than those commissioners of the needs of the place.

Mr. Smith is one of the trustees of the Bishop estate. Its property is rapidly increasing in value. The outlook is that it will have great power for good or evil in the Islands. The usual experience, during the past hundred years, is that such charitable estates suffer grievously from "dry rot." Men of wealth seeing the feeble uses of such estates hesitate to add them or establish others of the same kind. The cry in these later days is for their administration by live men.

As one of the trustees of this estate, Mr. Smith has before him a boundless field of usefulness if he can prevent the "dry rot" from touching it. To study and know what the best methods of cultivation are, is not an easy task, especially in a community of mixed races. But it must be done, or the result will be a great charity existing in vain. We believe that Mr. Smith will find his best work hereafter, aside from the conduct of his own business affairs, in preparing young men and women, through this charity, to become good citizens, and members of this community.

THE NEW ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Mr. Cooper should discharge the duties of Attorney General with credit to himself, because he has had considerable judicial experience, and was held in high estimation by the Bar as a judge. He is also familiar with the social condition of our mixed races and will not make errors from lack of knowledge. He is also familiar with the routine duties of the Attorney General's office.

He has yet to show what his executive ability is in the rather difficult position, of President of the Board of Health. The sanitary conditions of the city require constant attention, and in enforcing sanitary regulations there is always more or less friction. He will undoubtedly make an efficient officer.

At the time, in 1897, when Mr. Cooper, as Acting Attorney General, drove back to Japan 1159 immigrants, the Advertiser believed that it was an unnecessary act of cruelty, and, prob-

ably, a violation of the treaty rights. The subsequent payment of indemnity was but a recognition of the wrongness of the legal position taken by the Japanese government.

At the time the poor unfortunate immigrants were driven back, it seemed as if the blame was responsible for a cruel act, even if it was lawful. But, in justice to Mr. Cooper, it should be said that he only represented the views of the dominant party in the community which had declared in its platform that all of its power and influence would be used to restrict Asiatic immigration. Guided as it was by lofty principles in its purpose to make these Islands a White Man's country, it exacted of the Attorney General and he responded to it, the utmost vigilance in driving back the Asiatic invasion. It was not Mr. Cooper, but the community acting through him that forced the unhappy immigrants home. The government must represent the people.

Since that fearful outbreak of indignation against the Asiatics, the dominant party, has found on a closer and more exhaustive analysis of its lofty principles, that it is a very narrow and "un-American" view of the matter to resist any Japanese invasion. On the other hand, we are under the strongest obligations as humble assistants in carrying the White Man's burden, to give the "open door" to the Japanese. This we are now doing, and if Providence permits, will continue to do, until selfish politicians on the Mainland interfere and arrest the good work.

Mr. Cooper, as he reflects upon the position which he was forced to take by the dominant party, will quite agree with Disraeli when he said that: "There is nothing in which the power of circumstance is more evident than in politics." Another power of circumstance operates with overwhelming force when there is a dollar in sight, but not in hand.

We hope that Mr. Cooper will, in the coming years, be identified with the progress of these Islands, and, if he desires to hold office, will secure it, by reason of meritorious services rendered.

MOISTURE AND SUGAR CANE.

The Planter's Monthly quotes at length from the discussion of the sugar planters of Louisiana, at their annual meeting, on the causes of the different percentages of sugar in cane. In any close competition in the production of a crop, profit or loss will be determined by the difference of this percentage. It was stated in the debate that in Demerara and other countries the percentage of sugar rarely rose above twelve per cent, because the canes were gorged with moisture. In other countries where it is dry, or there is a cessation of moisture, the percentage rises to 16, 17, and even as high as 20 per cent. The same differences in saccharine matter are found in the cultivation of watermelons, and they are due, aside from the chemical properties of the soil, to the amount of moisture. The Southern darky prays for dry weather when his melons are ripening.

This effect of more or less moisture on crops, so far as sugar is concerned, is well known to all intelligent planters, but the laymen understand it imperfectly.

The time will soon come when the amount of excessive moisture during the season will become an important factor in calculating the values of sugar plantations.

It is settled, of course, that a plantation with an ample irrigating system, is of much greater value than the plantation that trusts to Heaven for rain, other things being equal. But in the close and even fierce competition in the production of sugar at the lowest possible cost, which must take place whenever protective duties are abolished, a very little difference in the amount of saccharine matter in the cane will determine the question of profit or loss. A difference of 8 per cent, will, in the case of a 10,000 ton plantation, make a difference of a million of dollars on the value of its stock.

Our own planters are thoroughly alive to the importance of this matter. At the same time, their great success in the use of water by irrigating methods attracts the attention of the sugar cane planters in all parts of the world, and they are educating them to adopt the same course.

It is now said that the best sugar industry of California will be reconstructed, and that hereafter the beet will be grown only upon lands subject to irrigation.

THE PASSING HOUR.

Poor China has no press agent.

A task of the day:—Putting a new shelf in a Cabinet.

Admiral Dewey is doing very effective and steady work for a sick man.

It is evident that the latest news from Manila has not yet reached Porto Rico.

Hilo is to be congratulated on having secured the attention of the Hon-

Well Made and Makes Well

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared by experienced pharmacists of today, who have brought to the production of this great medicine the best results of medical research. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a modern medicine, containing just those vegetable ingredients which were seemingly intended by Nature herself for the alleviation of human ills. It purifies and enriches the blood, tones the stomach and digestive organs and creates an appetite; it absolutely cures all scrofula eruptions, boils, pimples, sores, salt rheum, and every form of skin disease; cures liver complaint, kidney troubles, strengthens and builds up the nervous system. It entirely overcomes that tired feeling, giving strength and energy in place of weakness and languor. It wards off malaria, typhoid fever, and by purifying the blood it keeps the whole system healthy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headaches, etc.

ulu men who propose to open up the Olua district.

There have been times in and about Manila lately much hotter than the weather.

A Cabinet Crisis has served for one thing to rather round out the history of the Republic.

The President is keeping a lot of people busy trying to think out what he is trying to think out.

According to some of the experts on values the S. S. City of Columbia is a veritable phantom ship.

The matter of a Flower Show, say as an enterprise for charitable purposes and a fine social affair, is respectfully referred to Mr. Allen Herbert and the ladies.

Major-General Otis knows the boys of his army when he says that they are all anxious to stay in the field till the last man jack of the enemy has disappeared.

Rev. Dr. Talmage is again a free lance and may once more visit Hawaii and preach a sermon beautifully and store up some sentimental political impressions.

They ought now to charge Gen. Alger with trying to get Admiral Dewey's job. This is about the only possible offense for which the Secretary of War has not yet been arraigned.

The Emperor of Germany has decreed that official documents may be typewritten. This is progress sure enough, but on some occasions the machine will be too weak for William.

The snap and zest of the basket ball and tennis games of the young ladies of the two colleges here are fine features too often missing in the athletic contests in which the boys participate.

It is hoped that intemperance may not be encouraged now that the police administration permits a celebrant to wind up his spree with a free ride in a fine wagon and with a spanking team that doesn't spank.

The best point in the paper of Dr. McCracken of the New York university on the subject of drill for school boys is his argument forcing the conclusion or the verdict that the drill is not encouragement of militarism.

The Manila emigration fever that was doing a little business here a few weeks ago, has now gone the way of the Klondike fever and each individual unites with the singer in saying "Honolulu is good enough for me."

It is said the new President of France is in favor of disposing of the Dreyfus case on the principles of absolute justice. If this is done, some of the greatest liars of the age have the day of their punishment near at hand.

The few American troops that are in the Philippines are doing more and better fighting than stands to the credit of the land forces that operated in Cuba. It is hoped they will be accorded fullest recognition for the great services.

The few poems by Edwin Markham printed this morning are given in what is believed to be the order of their merit after "The Man with the Hoe." The solid commendation which the Advertiser received for presentation of the masterpiece warrants publication of the poems given in this issue.

The tributes to the memory of the late Judge H. A. Widemann spoken in the Supreme Court were sincere. There was an absence of tone of fulsome flattery and there was earnest acknowledgment of the worth of the dead jurist. There is shown in this single incident that while political feeling here during the past six years ran high, it could not sever old friendships.

HE IS FRIENDLY

Emperor William Makes a Show of Repentance.

Why His Brother is Sent to Command at Manila—An Indiscreet Admiral.

BERLIN, March 8.—A high official of the German Navy Department has informed the correspondent here of the Associated Press that the appointment of Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, to the command of the East Asiatic squadron, had been considered for months past, and was finally decided on as being the most available. The Emperor desires to show the American people that he is thoroughly friendly, and he knows that Prince Henry is popular in the United States.

When the official referred to was asked if the appointment was equivalent to the disgrace of Admiral Von Diederichs, he said:

"Not exactly. Still, if Admiral Von Diederichs had shown more tact last summer before Manila it would undoubtedly have been productive of good results all round. Our Government, unfortunately, was advised too late of a number of occurrences before Manila, none of which were really important, but which showed grave want of tact upon Admiral Von Diederich's part. The main trouble was that the Admiral was insufficiently informed regarding international naval usages in such a delicate situation. Consequently he continued naval movements, drill and searchlight practice as if elsewhere than in a blockaded port, thus arousing distrust upon the part of the Americans."

The above is important as being the first German official admission that there had been trouble between the Germans and Americans in Manila Bay.

AFTER FIFTEEN YEARS.

Mrs. Allan's Experience With Lauhala Trees.

Mary Allan, the well known Hawaiian lady who is always busy dealing in native mats, baskets, tapas and curios, was working hard at the two big lauhala trees in the grounds of the Executive building yesterday, stripping them of the dead and yellow rushes, which, woven into mats, are used in the lanais of many an island home. "It was about fifteen years ago," said Mary, "that I planted these trees here with my own hands. I was then a lady in waiting to Queen Kapiolani and little thought that the time would come that they would be a profit to me. But I have been given permission by the kind keeper of the grounds to take away the dead branches from these—my trees—and weave them into beautiful mats."

Lauhala fibre is best when allowed to wholly mature on the tree. When taken off green and artificially seasoned and dried the lauhala is never as soft and pliable.

Molokai natives were around the city yesterday selling tapa cloth made on that island. As it comes into direct competition with a much cheaper article from Samoa, it is doubtful whether it will have much demand. In the South Sea Islands there is still a large fabrication of beautiful tapas which in Hawaii has sunk into nearly a lost art.

Oldest Native Member.

In addition to the resolution of condolence on the death of the late Judge H. A. Widemann, W. O. Smith presented a similar resolution on the death of Judge William L. Holohahiki of Maui. He spoke of the late Judge in highest terms and mentioned the fact that he was at the time of his death the oldest native member of the bar having been admitted in 1876. The resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Kauila, who paid a tribute to the deceased, was adopted.

Drowned from the Castle.

L. Lowman, a business man from Cincinnati, who was a passenger on the barkentine S. N. Castle from Honolulu to San Francisco, fell overboard and was drowned March 1st. The remains were not recovered, although Captain Hubbard, who was at the wheel, hove her to immediately and lowered a boat. Diligent search was made for several hours, but no sign discovered of the drowned man.

Lowman was about 40 years of age and had visited Honolulu in search of health.

Pacific Import Company.

The new Pacific Import Company, in the Model block, adjoining the Progress block on Fort street, is to open for business on Monday next. S. Ehrlich, who is well known here as a merchant, is the manager. His past experience gives him knowledge of the local market and he has purchased heavily in the United States. The stock is dry and fancy good and is a large one. On the evening of Saturday, the 25th, the store will be open for the inspection of visitors. The establishment has been handsomely fitted up and the display will be a grand one.

MR. REED A THORN

Feud of the President and the House Speaker.

A BATTLE ROYAL IN SIGHT

Western Man Seated to Succeed the Czar—Reed's Offences—His Great Strength.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The administration's contest against Reed for re-election as Speaker is occupying much space in the Eastern press. It is likely to become historical, and may have a most important bearing on the Presidential campaign next year. Reed's jealousy of McKinley is well known. It is of long standing and appears to have become chronic.

In discussing this subject a leading Republican today said: "I am sorry that events have so shaped themselves as to force the President to fight Reed. Mr. Reed is of course a tough customer, and he can make a good deal of trouble, but Mr. McKinley has demonstrated that he is a pretty good politician, and I am satisfied that he will prove to be equal to the present emergency. Mr. Reed was given every opportunity to adjust matters on a satisfactory basis, but declined to avail himself of it. That the administration can defeat Reed for Speaker of the Fifty-sixth Congress is the conviction of the great majority of conservative observers. Some Western men will be picked out for the administration forces to rally around. It may be Henderson of Iowa, or Hopkins of Illinois, or some unknown man, but the decision is in favor of a man from the West."

"There is method in this, of course. The bulk of the Republican membership of the next House will be composed of Western men. They will be in the majority and should, in the natural order of things, dominate the House. It will be easier to defeat Reed with a Western man than with Mr. Sherman or any one from the Eastern States."

"Mr. Reed can also continue his fight against the administration from the floor, but the President believes that if Mr. Reed can be reduced to the ranks in the House he will become more tractable. Anything would be preferable, he thinks, to his re-election as Speaker."

It is pointed out that Mr. Reed was opposed to the annexation of Hawaii, which the administration favored; that he was at no time in sympathy with the administration's Cuban policy; that he opposed the acquisition of the Philippines and of Porto Rico, and was unfriendly to army reorganization on a permanent basis; that he opposed the Nicaragua canal, which is regarded as essential to the development of the expansion policy, and the Pacific cables, being responsible for the defeat of both schemes.

It is suggested that his opposition thus disclosed to the general policy of the administration will be almost certain to hinder action if he is Speaker of the next House, and that moreover, his great power and prominence encourage the development of an anti-administration faction in the party along almost the same lines of opposition, save on the money question, as those adopted by the followers of W. J. Bryan—anti-expansion, anti-army, anti-almost everything that the administration is for. Moreover, it is asserted that even on the money question Mr. Reed's plans differ from those of the administration.

Notwithstanding the opposition to Reed for political reasons, it is conceded that he is the biggest and brainiest Republican alive, and it is probable that when it comes to a showdown many of those representatives who now talk bravely of opposing him will fall into Reed's lines as heretofore.

Capt. Van Oterendorp.

Captain Van Oterendorp, master of the steamship Alameda, was not prosecuted by the Secretary of the Treasury for allowing work-a-ways to land at San Francisco before passing the Immigration Commissioner. The alleged violation of immigration laws took place some months ago, and the court was asked to impose a fine of \$100 on the captain for each of the three work-a-ways. The Secretary of the Treasury is of the opinion that the master and the steamship company did not intentionally violate Federal laws.

Zealandia and Puebla.

Work is being rushed on the Zealandia and City of Puebla, but it will be some time before either of them is ready for sea, says the San Francisco Chronicle of March 11th. When the Government charter was cancelled all the fittings for transport service were torn out of the Puebla. These will all have to be replaced, and, in addition, there is a lot of overhauling to be done. Both the Puebla and Zea-

landia will probably get away in about two weeks.

Trawley and Company.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Timothy Daniel Trawley's new company will open at the Columbia Theatre, Washington, on April 1st in "Trilby." The company will be cast as follows: John E. Kellard, Spangoli; Bore McIntosh, Taffy; Alfred Hickman, Little Willie; Mary Van Buren, Trilby; and Harry Corson Clarke, Charles Wingate. Frank Mathies, Errol Damber, Jeffrey Stein, Harry Gwynette, T. Daniel Trawley, Mrs. F. M. Jones, Selma Johnson, Georgia Welles and Corinne Parker in the other parts.

Holy Week.

The following union meetings will be held during Good Friday (next) week:

Tuesday—Service at the Christian Church. Speaker, Rev. C. M. Hyde. Wednesday—Service at Methodist church. Speaker, Wm. M. Kincaid. Subject: "God's Love to Man." Thursday—Services at Central Union Church. Speaker, Wm. A. Gardner. Subject: "Man's Love to God." Friday—Service at Central Union Church. Speaker, Rev. G. L. Pearson. Communion address.

CARGO OF MULES

Army Steamer Here With Stock for Manila.

Managed to Escape Bad Weather. A Heavy Load of Freight—Mules Landed for Rest.

At the Waikiki end of the Mail wharf is moored the United States army transport Conemaugh which arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning bound for Manila, having on board about 300 mules and the men to take care of them; 600 tons of general cargo in the hold and about 2500 tons of hay and feed stuff piled on the deck. Every available space is utilized for freight, and coal in sacks for use on board is lashed down wherever room can be had. The Conemaugh would have made port yesterday, but that she was forced to get out of the way of rough weather on the way down owing to her top heavy cargo.

Some half a dozen mules died on the way down, but the balance are in good condition and were taken ashore yesterday for exercise and will be put aboard when the Conemaugh is ready to sail about April 1st.

The officers of the Conemaugh are: J. A. Bromfield, Captain; P. C. Rickmers, first officer; J. A. Sanford, second officer; C. L. Aray, third officer; M. A. Tucker, purser; David De Silva, chief engineer; Wm. Donley, first assistant; John Oliver, second assistant; Ed. E. Cramp, third assistant; chief steward, C. Lange. Captain E. K. Butler of the Arkansas Infantry has charge of the men and live stock. He has under him the following: Hugh Neil, clerk; J. A. Welch, veterinary surgeon; John M. Coyne, master of transportation; Harry Hill, wagon master; Ira A. Allen, T. Dowdall and John Gray, hospital stewards, and thirty packers.

M. A. Tucker, the purser, is well known in Honolulu, being formerly in that capacity on the steamer Chas. Nelson.

The Conemaugh is of similar build to the transports Ohio and Indiana, and belongs to the Empire Transportation Company. She was brought around the Horn from New York last spring and has been running in the Klondike trade. She is under charter for this trip by the United States Government.

BASE BALL.

League Teams Are Now Getting in Shape.

The members of the Wela Ka Hoo base ball team are practicing every day. All the old guard are turning out, and it begins to look as if there will be some first class base ball this season. Every man is playing much better than at the beginning of practice.

Although the league season will open in the first part of April, which is not far distant, no schedule of games has as yet been arranged. It would be well to do this at once as a number of the boys are holding back waiting for the schedule to be announced.

The Punahou and Kamehameha teams are not saying much, but they are working just the same. The former team has engaged a couple of outside players, among whom is Chas. Elston, of the High School, who was formerly captain of the University of California base ball team. He will catch for Punahou. Kamehameha boys are determined to give a good account of themselves when they come to toe the plate.

Although not yet really elected there is little doubt but what Al Moore will succeed Willie Lucas as captain of the Wela Ka Hoo team. He is a veteran ball player and a man well fitted for the place. Ever since his first advent into local base ball circles he has been thoroughly popular on account of his ability as a player and his attitude in favor of clean and manly sport. Under his leadership the Wela Ka Hoo boys to give a good account of themselves.

THE MARK IS 500

Rapid Increase in Y. M. C. A. Membership.

A Task Set—Mr. Ripley's Home Coming—Library and Reading Room.

Work at the Y. M. C. A. is going on very nicely. New members are coming in rapidly. Since the beginning of the month about twenty-five new paid-up members have been enrolled. It was the hope of the officers to increase the membership to 500 by the end of this month. While this mark may not be reached, the number will not fall far short.

The Association Review is out and among the many features is an interesting article by Mr. C. B. Ripley, who writes regarding Associations which he visited while on the mainland. The article concludes as follows:

"Upon returning to Honolulu my first visit down town was to attend the New Year's reception at the Association. As I entered the building I was most cordially greeted by a young man who was evidently a stranger, to me at least, for he urged me to look over the building, to see the exhibit of drawing and book-keeping and to make myself at home and to come to the rooms often while I was in the city. The greeting was so cordial and such a contrast to many that I received where I really was a stranger that I was proud of my own Association, and the pleasure of the home-coming was deepened, even if I was not recognized as a fellow with a paid-up membership card in my pocket."

The reading room and library of the Association are very well patronized. Through all the hours of the day a large number of men can be found reading the papers and magazines. Strangers especially make the reading room their headquarters. This fact is very gratifying to the organization, which makes special effort toward providing a place of refuge for the young man who is a stranger in a strange land.

The reading room and library are both well stocked. Every leading magazine and several of the metropolitan papers may be found scattered upon the tables. In regard to the reading room, Mr. Lindsay, a director of the Milwaukee Y. M. C. A., while on a visit here, said that he "never had seen one more thoroughly equipped, considering the size of the institution." The library includes about 600 standard works. Fiction, history and scientific works may be found upon the shelves. The general secretary, Mr. Coleman, takes a great deal of interest in these departments and is gratified at the interest which is being shown in them.

In addition to the regular classes, basket ball and hand ball are receiving much attention. The teams of both these games are practicing all the time. It is intended soon to have a hand ball tournament. Basket ball contests take place between the Association teams every Thursday evening.

Handball is a most interesting game, but it is one which a great many here do not know much about. It is very simple to learn and affords first class exercise to every part of the body. It may be played by two, three or four persons. The following athletic program is arranged for this week:

Tuesday evening—Classes, 7:30-9. Wednesday evening—Hand ball. Thursday evening—Basket ball. Friday evening—Classes, 7:30-9. Saturday evening—Hand ball. Gym. closes at 9 p. m.

STATE LIBRARY.

Lawyers Vote on Book Lending Regulations.

The Supreme Court opened yesterday morning for the March term. For the first time in several months the bench was occupied by the three Justices, Chief Justice Judd, Associate Justice Frear and Associate Justice Whiting all being present.

The presentation of the new Attorney General and the resolutions of respect to deceased members of the bar were the first matters to be acted upon.

The matter of the law library was then taken up.

For some time books have been taken from the library and not returned. The Chief Justice spoke of the necessity of returning the books. The fact that there was no librarian strengthened the importance of the plea, as the value of the library depended upon the fact that the books were returned.

Mr. Ballou suggested that books be allowed to be taken into Court only from the library. This was opposed by Mr. Geo. Davis on the ground that young lawyers without libraries of their own would be injured by such a rule. The motion to make the library one of reference only was finally carried by a vote of 26 to 6. The Court then proceeded with the calendar.

It is learned from one of the large shareholders in the Makaweli plantation corporation hereafter to pay dividends at the rate of 2 per cent a month. The project of declaring the stock now 70 per cent paid, fully paid up, has been dropped for the present.

Ayer's Hair Vigor



What does it do?

It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.

It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.

It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.

It prevents and it cures baldness.

Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs. It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar, 4 13-32; strong. H. C. sale, San Francisco, March 10, \$8.25.

There is still much trading in Kihel stock at \$6 premium.

Hana Plantation sale, San Francisco, March 10, \$16.12 1/2.

The new Judd Building was the center of the town yesterday.

Hutchinson Plantation sale, San Francisco, March 10, \$38.12 1/2.

H. B. M. ex-Commissioner W. J. Kennedy is home after a trip to Maui.

Capt. A. Gantenberg, the Ordnance officer of the N. G. H., has resigned his position.

Walalua assessable and Honolulu are two of the strongest rising stocks on the market.

Col. "Jim" Sherwood writes back from Manila that the trip over was very trying to him.

Royal D. Mead will soon leave the Attorney General's office and join W. D. Smith down town.

Mr. F. B. Edwards, who will take charge of the sewerage system work, arrived by the Australia.

A number of friends gave a reception and entertainment to Judge A. G. M. Robertson on Saturday evening.

J. J. Sullivan and John Buckley are buying a considerable amount of property in Union street, near the old Bell Tower.

Instructions to this Government from Washington are to continue on the same line in the ship registration mandamus cases.

The Diamond Head arrived Wednesday, bringing the police wagon. Everything is in readiness for it and it will be set up at once.

W. W. Hall has just returned from a visit to the new plantation of the Kona Sugar Company and is very well pleased with the place.

Mrs. Randal von Tempky, of Makawao, with her two children, is visiting friends in the city. She is accompanied by Mrs. S. H. Dowsett.

Mr. Graham, of the Iron Works, says he is now quite in love with horseback trips on Hawaii, where he goes to sell tools to the plantations.

Contracts for printing the reports of the Auditor General and Minister of Finance have been awarded to the Hawaiian Gazette Company.

Some rare ferns have been donated to the Bureau of Agriculture by Mrs. E. F. Ward, who returned from New Zealand by the Warrimoo.

In a list of trusts published in a mainland paper there is given the Hawaiian Commercial & Sugar Company instead of the American Refinery Company.

Henry W. Green, so long the faithful collector for the People's Ice Company, has resigned on account of ill-

health, and will be succeeded by Fred H. Kelly.

What the Hawaiian Hardware Co. has to say this week. It will interest you.

A considerable amount of sewage was added to the Waiakula plantation last week.

Special Agent Regall will leave by the Australia for the States on a vacation trip of thirty days.

Professor Kouhele expects to leave for Kanai today to make a further investigation of the same loaves.

Next week will be Holy Week. Special services will be held in the Anglican and Catholic Cathedrals.

The stock of the Maunaloa Sugar Company is attracting the attention of local dealers and is advancing steadily.

There was a social dance given at the Hawaiian hotel last evening by the guests. The Quintette Club furnished the music.

A number of new trees have been received by the Agricultural Bureau lately. These are being sent out to different places by Mr. Clark for experiment.

Some gentlemen who came down by the Australia to buy Ewa at \$225 to sell on the coast at \$275, as they had done a short time ago, find the stock now at \$350.

Among the passengers by the Australia today will be Mrs. Schnack and children, who intend making an extended visit to Germany and to attend the Paris exposition.

Percy L. Barrington, who came to this country nine or ten years ago as a bluejacket and who afterwards resided for some time in the city, died lately at San Jose, Calif.

An option on a large block of Makaweli stock has been taken to San Francisco by brokers from that city. Mr. Pollitz is said to have refused it at the option price, which was \$225.

As the shipping laws of the United States were not extended to these islands, there will not be for some time interruption of the coasting trade of other than American bottoms.

C. E. Eagan, of Olathe, came down on the Kinau last Saturday to await the arrival of the San Francisco liner bringing his father, Gen. Eagan, U. S. A., who will pay him an extended visit.

Sacks of coffee from the new crop of Makaweli plantation are to be sent to Senator Morgan, Representatives Loudenlager and Tawney and to President McKinley through Senator Morgan.

At a meeting of the Kaunakapili church members, held yesterday, the Rev. E. S. Timoteo was re-elected pastor for the next two years. The reverend gentleman gives much satisfaction.

Capt. Dodge, U. S. A., who visited his relative, Capt. F. S. Dodge, of this city, about a year ago, was wounded in action at El Caney, and while in the hospital contracted yellow fever and died of it. The deceased made many friends in Honolulu.

Senator Perkins, who was so anxious to have the laws against contract labor extended to the islands, had failed a short time before his action on the subject to secure a large block of stock in an island plantation, in which he had proposed to become interested.

MINISTERIAL UNION.

Organization Now Complete—Questions at Hand.

The second meeting of the newly organized Ministerial Union was held at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday. There was a good attendance of ministers and others who are connected with Christian organizations. The by-laws and constitution, which had been drawn up by a committee appointed for that purpose, were presented to the members and approved. The constitution was signed by about fifteen of those present.

Reports were then read by ministers and heads of religious organizations. Japanese and Chinese missions, Salvation Army, Y. M. C. A., and many other subjects came up for discussion.

The promoters of the Union are very much pleased at the success with which their efforts are meeting. They think that it will be a great power toward creating unity and harmony in the many different branches of Gospel work. It is intended to map out a course of study of theological and sociological questions. Many other plans are in contemplation with a view toward creating interest in the work begun.

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every owner of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us that you considered. The Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS each us right. ELGINS each you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H.F. WICHMAN BOX 342.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs.

Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.

Cures Scoury Sores.

Cures Cancerous Ulcers.

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.

Cures Glandular Swellings.

Clears the Blood from all impurities.

From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit references to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 15s., each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

TIME TABLE

Wilder's Steamship Company

—1899—

S. S. KINAU, CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 12 o'clock noon, touching at Lahaina, Maunaloa Bay and Makaha the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving at Hilo on Wednesday evening.

Returning, will sail from Hilo every Friday at 6 o'clock p. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona, Kawaihae, Makaha, Maunaloa Bay and Lahaina, arriving at Honolulu Saturday night.

Will call at Pohnoki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.

S. S. CLAUDINE, CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesday at 5 p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday morning.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once a month.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers without notice and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their freight; this Company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live Stock received only at owner's risk.

This Company will not be responsible for Money or Valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of Purser.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

The Company will not be liable for loss of, or injury to, nor delay in the delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passenger beyond the amount of \$100.00, unless the value of the same be declared, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the pursers of the Company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

C. L. WIGHT, President. S. B. ROSE, Secretary. CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Supt.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co AND Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
HONGKONG MARU	MARCH 24	NIPPON MARU	MARCH 25
CHINA	APRIL 1	RIO DE JANEIRO	APRIL 4
DORIC	APRIL 11	COPTIC	APRIL 11
NIPPON MARU	APRIL 19	AMERICA MARU	APRIL 21
RIO DE JANEIRO	APRIL 27	CITY OF PEKING	APRIL 29

RATES OF PASSAGE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

SINGLE TRIP.		ROUND TRIP.	
For San Francisco—Cabin	\$ 75	Second Cabin	115
Second Cabin	50	(Toyo Kisen Kaisha only.)	
(Toyo Kisen Kaisha only.)		European Steerage	100
For Yokohama—Cabin	25		
Second Cabin	150	For San Francisco—Cabin, 4 mo's.	\$125
(Toyo Kisen Kaisha only.)		For Yokohama—Cabin, 4 mo's.	225
European Steerage	85	Cabin, 12 mo's.	262.50
For Hongkong—Cabin	\$175	For Hongkong—Cabin, 4 mo's.	262.50
		Cabin, 12 mo's.	312.50

For general information apply to H. HACKFELD & Co., L'd. Agents.

GIRLS AT PLAY

Spirited Contests at the Nets and in Basket Ball.

KAMEHAMEHA AND PUNAHOU

Pretty Battles Witnessed by Large Crowds—Red and White Colors Carry Off Victory

A regular carnival of sport took place Saturday afternoon on the grounds of the Kamehameha Girls' school. It was the day for the girls' intercollegiate contests in tennis and basket ball, the rival players being from the Kamehameha Girls' school and Punahou. As the day was despoiled into twilight the last set of tennis was ended and the contests were over. The banners of blue and white, Kamehameha's colors, waved in triumph over the buff and blue. The former had carried off everything, singles in tennis, basket ball, doubles in tennis.

The contests Saturday mark a new departure in local intercollegiate athletics. Heretofore the girls have had no means of settling their college rivalry and deciding college supremacy. The boys have had their intercollegiate contests yearly, but the girls only had the opportunity of cheering for them. Now it is different. By the contests between the girls which were inaugurated Saturday, a new order has begun. The girls can now look forward each year to the contests on the tennis court and the basket ball fields. A keen, healthy rivalry will ensue which will result beneficially to all concerned.

The affair Saturday was an unequalled success. The day could not have been better if made to order. The beautiful grounds of the Girls' school looked their best. The crowd was large. Enthusiasm ran rampant and excitement was at a high pitch, especially during the basket ball game.

There were some who thought the basket ball contest was somewhat rough. It could hardly be classed thus. It was full of soap, vim and spirit, but it was not rough. The "rooting" of the Kamehameha boys was not well-timed in some instances. They should not yell over the failure of the Punahou girls to make a difficult stroke. The boys should not have done this in the last tennis contest especially, when so far everything had been won by Kamehameha.

The tennis was somewhat slow in places, but it was very good considering the practice of the contestants. The basket ball was most exciting. The girls of both teams showed marvelous quickness and endurance. Great praise should be given Miss Flora Albright and Prof. Babbitt of Kamehameha and Punahou respectively for the efforts they have made to place this game on a sound footing. It is to-day the most popular of all games in seminaries and its popularity is steadily gaining.

The carnival began with the singles in tennis. Miss Maggie Anahu represented Kamehameha and Miss Kelly played for Punahou. Miss Anahu soon showed her superiority, although at times Miss Kelly made some very difficult strokes. Two sets straight went to the former, 6-1, 6-2.

Next came the basket ball. Wearing the natty costumes of red and white of Kamehameha were Elizabeth Robinson, Angeline Wohler, Rose Alaran, Hawley Stone and Emily Alexander. Dressed in the buff and blue of Punahou were Mary Clark, Anna Schmidt, Sophie Judd, Florence Hall and Alvina Marshall. Back and forth the ball flew, now here, now there. Into the basket it would go, then back to the center of the field to commence all over again. There was no stopping. Everything was rush and go, and the players seemed to enjoy it most of all. Spectators grew excited, stood on chairs and in their enthusiasm crashed through them. All the players did well, but special mention might be made of Miss Elizabeth Robinson of Kamehameha who made all the goals for her team, and of Miss Florence Hall of Punahou, who made the two goals for her side. Mr. Coleman also deserves mention for his able and impartial umpiring. When the dust of conflict had finally settled after the whistle blew, the score stood 8 to 6 in favor of Kamehameha.

The third and last contest was the tennis doubles. Miss Dillingham and Miss Kelly represented Punahou and Miss Anahu and Miss Mabel Kenney represented Kamehameha. The last named player took the place of Miss Helen Desha who was unable to play on account of a sprained knee, and who is one of the players at Kamehameha. The first set went to Kamehameha with ease, 6-3. In the next set the Punahou girls played fast tennis. Miss Dillingham's swift serve was especially effective. The set went to them. The third and decisive set was hard fought to the end. Both sides were tired, but both played hard. First

one side was ahead, then the other. The set and contest finally, after a hard struggle, went to Kamehameha 7-5. It was all over then, but the cheering, and how they did cheer. Although the satisfaction of knowing that through-out all these played well and were worthy opponents. Altogether the afternoon was most pleasant. All present enjoyed themselves, even the vanquished. A rather game of basket ball will be played between the same teams a week from to-day.

ARMY OF FRANCE

Men in Deputies Compare it to Germany's.

Admit Force is Smaller—Minister of War—Speaks of Population

—The Budget.

PARIS, March 8. In the Chamber of Deputies today the debate on the army budget led to the usual references to the necessity for preparedness against Germany and to comparisons of the two armies. The members of the House, while complaining of the budget, which aggregated 875,000,000 francs, admitted the impossibility of retrenching in the face of the necessity of meeting German increases by corresponding additions.

The Minister of War, M. de Freycinet, admitted that the French effective force was inferior to the German; but he pointed out that it was impossible to remedy this, owing to the lack of population. The Minister also expressed the belief that mere numbers above a certain point did not add to the effectiveness of the army, as the excess beyond that point could only act as reserves, and he was convinced that the fate of a conflict would be decided before the reserves could be employed. It is not necessary, therefore, the Minister said, to be alarmed about neighboring increases. France must meet quantity by quality. The rifles and guns of the French army were without their equals, and the country, therefore, might await the future with confidence.

ORATORIO CONCERT.

Attractive Program for Thursday Evening.

Following is the program for the oratorio concert to be given at Kama-kapili church on Thursday evening of this week:

Chorus—"The Heavens Are Telling" Haydn

Amateur Orchestra and Organ.

Tenor Solos—(a) "Comfort Ye My People" Handel

(b) "If With All Your Hearts" Handel

Chorus—"The Heavens Are Telling" Mendelssohn

Mr. Chas. A. Elston.

Violin Solo—Largo Handel

Mrs. Royal D. Mead.

Soprano Solo—"The Lost Chord" Sullivan

Mrs. Geo. W. Macfarlane.

Intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana Mascagni

Amateur Orchestra and Organ.

Trio—"Lift Thine Eyes" Mendelssohn

Miss Halstead, Miss Scott and Mrs. E. Damon.

Violoncello Solo—Air from "Rinaldo" Handel

Mr. Harold Mott-Smith.

Chorus—"The Radiant Morn" Woodward

Hawaiian Choir.

(Mr. Theo. Richards, leader, Mrs. Richards, accompanist.)

Air—"Angels Ever Bright and Fair" (by special request) Handel

Mrs. Macfarlane.

War March of the Priests from "Athalie" Mendelssohn

Amateur Orchestra and Organ.

Organist—Mr. Homer Smith.

Musical Director—Wray Taylor.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER.

Geo. B. Secord, the well known contractor of Towanda, N. Y., says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for a long time and have found it superior to any other."

For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for H. I. All drug-gists and dealers.

VERSE OF WORTH

WAIL OF THE WANDERING DEAD.

(Edwin Markham.)

Death, too, is a chimera and a dream.

And yet they promised us aught more real.

Death is as empty as the cup of days.

And bitter milk is in her wintry breast.

There is no worth in any world to come.

Not any in the world we left behind;

And what remains of all our masters' dom?

Only a cry out of the crumbling mind.

We played all corners at the old Gray Inn.

But played the King of Players to our cost.

We played him fair and had no chance to win.

The dice of God were loaded and we lost.

We wander, wander, and the nights come down

With starless darkness and the rush of rain;

We drift as phantoms by the songless town.

We drift as litter on the windy lanes.

Hope is the fading vision of our heart,

A mocking spirit throwing up wild hands.

See led us on with music at the start,

To leave us at dead fountains in the sands.

Now all our days are but a cry for sleep.

For we are weary of the petty strife.

Is there not somewhere in the endless deep

A place where we can lose the feel of life?

Where we can be as senseless as the dust.

The night wind blows about a dried-up well?

Where there is no more labor, no more lust,

Nor any flesh to feel the tooth of Hell?

Our feet are ever sliding and we seem

As old and weary as the pyramids.

Come, God of Ages, and dispel the dream.

Fold the worn hands and close the sinking lids.

There is no new road for the dead to take.

Wild hearts are we among the worlds astray.

Wild hearts are we that cannot wholly break,

But linger on though life has gone away.

We are the sons of Misery and Eld;

Come, tender Death, with all your hushing wings.

And let our broken spirits be dispelled—

Let dead men sink into the dusk of things.

A PRAYER

(Edwin Markham.)

Teach me, Father, how to go

Softly as the grasses grow;

Hush my soul to meet the shock

Of the wild world as a rock;

But my spirit, prompt with power,

Make as simple as a flower.

Let the dry heart fill its cup,

Like a poppy looking up;

Let life lightly wear her crown,

Like a poppy looking down.

When its heart is filled with dew

And its life begins anew.

Teach me, Father, how to be

Kind and patient as a tree.

Joyfully the crickets croon

Under shady oak at noon;

Beetle, on his mission bent,

Tumbles in that cooling tent.

Let me, also, cheer a spot,

Hidden field or garden grot—

Place where passing souls can rest

On the way and be their best.

A MEETING

(Edwin Markham.)

Softly she came one twilight from the dead,

And in the passionate silence of her look

Was more than man has writ in any book;

And now my thoughts are restless, and a dread

Calls them to the Dim Land discom-forted;

For down the leafy ways her white feet took,

Lightly the newly broken roses shook—

Was it the wind disturbed each rosy head?

God, was it joy or sorrow in her face—

That quiet face? Had it grown old or young?

Was it sweet memory or sad that stung

Her voiceless soul to wander from its place?

What do the dead find in the Silence—

Or endless grief for which there is no tongue?

BROTHERHOOD

(Edwin Markham.)

Of all things beautiful and good,

The kindest is Brotherhood;

For it will bring again to Earth

Her long-lost Poesy and Mirth.

And till it comes, these men are slaves

And travel downward to the dust of graves.

Clear the way, then, clear the way:

Blind creeds and kings have had their day.

Break the dead branches from the path:

Our hope is in the aftermath.

To this Event the ages ran:

Make way for Brotherhood—make way for Man!

How Relief Came.

From Cook County Democrat, Jefferson City, Mo.

Which is a group visited this section.

about seven years ago, Herman H.

Dwyer, of 211 W. Main St., Jefferson,

Mo., was one of the victims, and has

since been troubled with the after-effects

of the disease. He is a well known

contractor and builder, a business

requiring much mental and physical

work. A year ago his health began

to fail and he was obliged to discontinue

work. That he lives to-day is almost

a miracle. He says:

"I was troubled with shortness of

breath, palpitation of the heart and a

general debility. My back also pained

me severely.

"I tried one doctor after another and

numerous remedies suggested by my

friends, but without apparent benefit,

and began to give up hope. Then I saw

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

extolled in a St. Louis paper, and after

investigation decided to give them a trial.

"After using the first box I felt wonder-

fully relieved and was satisfied that the

pills were putting me on the road to

recovery. I bought two more boxes

and continued taking them.

"After taking four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I am

restored to good health. I feel like a

new man, and having the will and energy

of my former days returned. I am

capable of transacting my business

with increased ambition.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a wonderful medicine and

anyone that is afflicted with shortness

of breath, palpitation of the heart,

nervous prostration and general debility,

will find that these pills are the

specific."

"HERMAN H. DWYER."

Subscribed and sworn to before me a

Notary Public, this 24th day of May,

1897.

ADAM POUTSZONG,

Notary Public.

Mr. Dwyer will gladly answer any in-

quiry regarding this if stamp is en-

closed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure people

troubled with the after-effects of the

grippe because they act directly on the

impure blood. They are also a specific

for chronic erysipelas, catarrh, rheumatism

and all diseases due to impure or

impoverished blood.

The Japanese cruiser "Kasagi," which was built by

Wm. Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia, for the Japanese

Government, since she began

her trial trips in June last has

used the

VACUUM MARINE ENGINE

CYLINDER and

ARCTIC ENGINE OILS.

In January, 1899, she was

supplied at Newcastle-on-

Tyne, England, with

10 bbls. Vacuum Cylinder Oil,

30 bbls. Marine Engine Oil,

4 bbls. Arctic Engine Oil.

The use of the Vacuum

Oils is increasing in all the

markets of the world. The

explanation of this is no

doubt in part due to the fact

that the Vacuum Oil Com-

pany uses petroleum from

wells which show no traces

of asphaltum.

Asphaltum is very injuri-

ous to machinery, and cheap

oils containing it should be

avoided.

A comparative test of Oils

sold in this market, on one

plantation, has resulted in an

order for 48 bbls. of Vacuum

Oils.

Pacific Hardware Co.

—LIMITED.—

Sole Agents

FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS Are warranted to cure Gravel.

Pains in the back, and all kindred complaints.

Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 20

years. In boxes 4d. each, of all Chemists

and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the

World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland

Chemist Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

Down Again

In prices is the market for

four and feed, and we follow

it closely.

Send us your orders and they

will be filled at the lowest

market price.

The matter of 1 or 10 cents

upon a hundred pounds of

feed should not concern you

as much as the quality, as

poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay,

Feed or Grain, at the Right

Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

TELEPHONE 121.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

Chlorodyne

Original and Only Genuine.

Coughs,

Colds,

Asthma,

Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated

publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE

was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORO-

DYNE, that the whole story of the defendant,

Freeman, was a deliberate forgery, and he was

glad to say it had been sworn to. See THE TIMES

July 16, 1904.

The General Board of Health, London, re-

ports that it ACTS AS A CHARM, one dose gen-

erally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta,

states: "Two doses completely cured me of

diarrhea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

IN HAND LINES

More Palm Prints Read By the
Noted Expert.

THE LIVES OF THE OWNERS

"All Kinds of People to Make Up a
World."—Characteristics and
Careers Outlined.

Bill Nye: You are a mechanical genius. Of a steady, persevering turn of mind. Have strong domestic tastes and will marry before the age of thirty. A lucky investment will give you ample income and you will devote your time to invention. A very serious illness is indicated, followed by many years of uneventful but useful life.

Jay Jones: There are indications of dishonesty in your hand. You have a weak nature and are easily led astray. If found out you would be apt to put the blame on another—even upon a woman; anything to serve your purpose. The end justifies the means with you. A warm heart will be your only salvation. Through its dictates you may be averted from a course of actual criminality. You are generous and a good companion. A clear head, but no reasoning capability. You will marry four times.

Sylvia Ray: You are a "girly-girl" of the type that chews gum. You love the boys and the boys love you. You dance well, play the piano well, though without special talent, and you are gay and light-hearted. After flirting through three seasons you will marry a man old enough to be your father. You will be very poor through the earlier part of your life, very rich from thirty-five on into old age. You will make a good mother, and will be almost too indulgent. You will be a widow but there are no indications of your marrying again.

Newsboy: Bright and energetic, with exuberance of animal spirits. You are of strong mathematical bent and have considerable talent for music. Of quick, irascible temper, you will make strong friends and bitter enemies. You will have many reverses of fortune, but your indomitable energy will bring you through successfully. One serious accident will endanger your life and for a period render you unfit for business. Two marriages are indicated, the first will be unhappy.

Robin Hood: You are firm to the point of obstinacy, reliable and trustworthy. Somewhat skeptical; not domestic. Like girls better in imagination than in reality; nevertheless have it within you to feel deeply when you do fall in love and to know keen jealousy, whether with or without justification. You are religiously inclined, but not of the type known as "good." You will only marry once and you will be vividly happy.

Minnie: Your character is a strange mixture of earnestness and inconsistency. Of unquenchable good nature and tendency to see the bright side of everything. A kind, sympathetic nature, which feels sincerely for the suffering of others. Quick perception, a keen sense of humor and a strong individuality. Strong domestic tastes and a practical view of life. Will marry and live in moderate circumstances.

Bessie D.: In your palm are plainly written suspicion, a disregard for the truth, and a love of gossip. Your ideas on morality are vague. You are too indolent to grasp the possible good within reach. Have a weakly sentimental nature. Your love affairs are varied and frivolous. You will rescue a life from drowning, but it will be more from love of notoriety than true courage. You will die of heart disease at or about the age of 48.

CALIFORNIA LEPROS.

Another Man Coming Down Here
in Their Interest.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—"Four months' vacation ought to be short enough rest for a man who has spent more than a quarter of a century in the harness of a minister of the gospel," said the Rev. Dr. William H. Tubb, pastor of the Bethlehem Congregational Church, as he announced his intention of going to the Hawaiian Islands within the next few weeks. Dr. Tubb added there was no difficulty about filling the pulpit which he has been occupying, but that when it came to getting some one to take up his missionary and relief work he had found some trouble. Dr. Tubb said that though he is going away for a rest he hopes to accomplish something that will be of value to San Francisco, and incidentally to California and the rest of the country.

"The useful purpose that is to receive my most careful attention will be an examination of the conditions surrounding the leper settlement at Molokai, with a view of seeing whether it would be practicable or advisable to transport lepers of California to that place. I will be supplied with credentials from State and city authorities showing that I am accredited as a representative of those interested in this matter. My purpose is to examine the island and see how the leper, if sent there, could be supported and made more comfortable than they are elsewhere. It has been suggested that if these unfortunate people were sent to a delightful climate where they could enjoy an outdoor life and have a chance to cultivate lands to suit their tastes, it would be a blessing to them and at the same time would relieve other communities of their presence. Many of these lepers, though incurably afflicted, might be able to make themselves comfortable and at the same time be, comparatively speaking, self-supporting. The effect on them from a mental standpoint would certainly be beneficial."

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Wounded Rough Rider.
Among the recent arrivals in Honolulu is Norman L. Orme, of the Rough Riders, who received a severe wound during the late campaign in Cuba. He was in the midst of the thickest fighting at El Caney during which engagement he received his wound. A Mauser bullet went through his left forearm, crashed through his chest just missing the heart, went through his lungs and stopped just under the skin on his right side. The strangest part is his recovery which physicians at first considered impossible.

IN THE NEW LAND

Breezy Gossip From the
New PossessionAdmiral Dewey Has an Adventure
—Vicious Filipinos—A Mild
Famine.

The following notes are culled from a large bundle of Manila papers received by the Doric:

Admiral Dewey, Capt. Lamberton of the Olympia and several ladies went up the river in the Admiral's launch and visited San Pedro Macati. While at the headquarters of Gen. King the boys stirred up a nest of insurgents, who sent a lively shower of Mausers whistling all around the quarters. The naval party hastily returned to the launch and went full speed down the river where the ladies were out of danger.

The other night the patrol in the Quiapo district was fired upon from a house. Luckily the bullet hit the pavement in front of the foremost patrolman. The house was searched and found vacated. Two old pin fire revolvers were found lying near the window from which the shot was fired. A chamber in one of them had been discharged. This is not the only instance where the patrols have been shot at by unknown parties.

There is what may almost be called a famine, as if in a siege, existing in Manila at the present time. All country products are increasing rapidly in price. Meat is over 80 cents and sometimes nearly a dollar a pound in the native markets. And eggs have gone up three dollars per hundred. It is nearly impossible to purchase chicken eggs, duck eggs being the only ones procurable in any quantity.

There is some talk of relieving the Thirteenth Minnesota from police duty and sending them into the interior with the invading army during the prospective campaign.

Some of the convicts in the Bilbid prison have been set to work clearing bamboo along the front, and one gang made a break for "liberty" last week. Two were shot by the guards, and the rest, about a dozen, got off.

The rebels are trying the same old game that they played on the Spaniards, namely: to keep sending a few stray shots all along the line at all the hours that heaven sends, and so wear out the troops with incessant false alarms. But there is a big difference in the conditions this time. It suits the Americans to wait a little sometimes, but some of these days the rebels will find their false alarm come true, as on February 4th.

It is set forth in the paper Freedom that the issue was delayed for the reason that Editor Musser and brother and Business Manager Fuller, together with all the boys in the office, joined various commands when the attack was made by the Filipinos. Mr. Fuller joined the Nebraska regiment at Honolulu. For a time he was employed on the Advertiser.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.
This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza. It has become famous for its cures of these disorders, over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good works, of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has cured, often saving the life of the child. The extensive use of it for whooping cough has shown that it cures that disease of all dangerous consequences. It is especially prized by mothers for their children, as it never fails to effect a speedy cure, and because they have found that there is not the least danger in giving it, even to babies, as it contains nothing injurious. Sold by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for H. I. All druggists and dealers.

A POPULAR MAN

Rev. Fr. Bonaventura was Liked
by All.

A HARD WORKER AT MILO

Sixteen Years in the Islands—Always in Active Service
Death on Maui.

Rev. Father Bonaventura, who died a few days ago at Waikiki, Maui, was one of the best known Catholic priests on the Islands. His death has been mourned by all who had come under the influence of his genial, pleasant smile. The funeral was largely attended.

Father Bonaventura was born in Belgium in 1855. He studied in the



THE LATE FR. BONAVENTURA.
(Photo by Williams.)

college of his native town until he was 20 years old. He then entered the congregation at Louvain where he finished his theological studies, being then ordained as a priest.

He came to these Islands in 1882 and had been here ever since. Upon his arrival here he was sent to Milo to assist Father Charles. After having been there a short time Father Bonaventura took charge of two districts outside of Milo, Puna and Hilo. Two years ago he first complained of being in ill health. Last November, however, the illness gained a hold which ended in his death a few days ago.

The dead priest was beloved by all who knew him. His nature was bright and pleasant. He ever had a jolly word for all, no matter what his race or rank might be. He was a bright scholar and an indefatigable worker and his presence will be sadly missed.

Father Bonaventura was the best known man in Milo, if not on Hawaii. He was a skillful manager of the church property and encouraged the building of schools and churches.

A LONG FELT WANT.

Many Readers Will Appreciate
This Information.

It is hard always to be pleasant. Good natured people are often irritable.

If you knew the reason, you would not be surprised. Ever have itching piles?

Not sick enough to go to bed, or not well enough to be content.

Nothing will annoy you so. The constant itching sensation.

Hard to bear, harder to get relief. Keeps you awake nights.

Spells your temper—nearly drives you crazy.

Isn't relief and cure a long felt want? It is to be had for everyone in Doan's Ointment.

Itching piles, eczema or any itching of the skin.

Here is the proof of the above: Mr. W. S. Bickly, baker and confectioner, of 456 East Market street, Chambersburg, Pa., says: "I used innumerable recommended cures for piles, but most of them were entirely worthless. Mine was known by the name of blind or inward piles, one of the most obstinate difficulties to radically cure. Over a year ago I bought two boxes of Doan's Ointment and used it. The soothing and satisfaction given by this treatment is a boon to any sufferer from this trouble. My advice to any suffering with piles is to procure Doan's Ointment and the results will follow."

Doan's Ointment, for sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by Holister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, general agents for the Islands. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

The Bishop of Honolulu, assisted by the Rev. J. H. Van Deerlin, held a confirmation at St. Andrew's Cathedral Sunday morning, when twelve candidates, ten girls and two boys, were presented for the laying on of hands. Seven of the girls are pupils at St. Andrew's Priory.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

Hands and Hair Produced by

Cuticura SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, red, rough hands with itching palms and shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the pores.

Sold throughout the world. PORTER, BROWN AND CURRY, Chemists, Sole Agents, Boston. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, London. Send for "How to Cleanse, Purify, and Beautify the Skin, Hair, and Nails," a book of interesting matter to ladies, post free.

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, red, rough hands with itching palms and shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the pores.

California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS
AND PURE BONE MEAL.

DEALERS IN:

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS,

NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA.

HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Fish, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

CHAINLESS COLUMBIAS

Give us your order for a
CHAINLESS

And we will do our best to have it on the "Australia" for you.

E. O. HALL & SON,

—LIMITED—
Corner Fort and King Streets.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND
MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND
LIFE. Established 1850.

ACCUMULATED FUND, £1,075,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

REBUTION OF RATES.
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.
AGENTS.

J. S. WALKER,
General Agent Hawn, Isl.

Royal Insurance Company:

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL
INSURANCE CO.

WILHELM OF MAGDEBURG INSURANCE CO.

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF
CANADA.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL
UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed
agents of the above company are prepared
to insure risks against fire on Stone and
Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored
therein on the most favorable terms. For
particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co
OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have
established a general agency here, and the
undersigned, general agents, are author-
ized to take risks against the dangers of the
sea at the most reasonable rates and on the
most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea,
River and Land Transport.
of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolu-
lu and the Hawaiian Islands the under-
signed general agents are authorized to take
risks against the dangers of the sea at the
most reasonable rates and on the most favor-
able terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-
serve, reichsmarks - 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance com-
panies - 101,660,000
Total reichsmarks - 107,660,000

North German Fire Insurance Co.
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-
serve, reichsmarks - 8,800,000
Capital their reinsurance com-
panies - 35,000,000
Total reichsmarks - 43,800,000

The undersigned, general agents of the
above two companies, for the Hawaiian
Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings,
Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Ma-
chinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills,
and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or
damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT END DECEMBER, 1897,
£11,558,989.

1-Authorized Capital-£3,000,000

Subscribed - 2,750,000

Paid up Capital - 682,300

2-Fire Fund - 2,750,000

3-Life and Annuity Funds - 10,127,670

£11,558,989

Revenue Fire Branch - 1,561,377

Revenue Life and Annuity
Branches - 1,376,511

£2,937,888

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life
Departments are free from liability in respect
of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Castle & Cooke,

LIMITED.

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF BOSTON.

Eton Fire Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD.

